## CHAPTER THIRTEEN

## $f_{i}{ }_{q}$ <br>  <br> FINGERING CHARTS

## CHAPTER 13

## FINGERING CHARTS

## FLUTE FINGERING CHART

1. How to use the fingering chart:
a. The areas that are darkened in indicate which keys are depressed.
b. Refer to the diagrams below to see finger placement on the flute.
c. Where alternate fingerings are shown, use whichever one is more comfortable and convenient.


## FLUTE FINGERING CHART



## CLARINET FINGERING CHART

1. How to use the fingering chart:
a. The areas that are darkened in indicate which keys are depressed.
b. Refer to the diagrams below to see finger placement on the clarinet.
c. Where alternate fingerings are shown, use whichever one is more comfortable and convenient.


## CLARINET FINGERING CHART - 1



## CLARINET FINGERING CHART - 2






$28^{00}$
$=800$
$=8$


## BASS CLARINET FINGERING CHART - 1




$\begin{aligned}|2| & \sum_{80}^{00} \\ \overline{3} & \end{aligned}$
$|Q| \Xi_{80}^{00}$
$E$





$Q \sum_{80}^{00}$
$\frac{3}{3}$
$\frac{Q}{\frac{8}{8}} \sum_{80}^{00}$
$Q \mid E_{80}^{00}$
$\frac{8}{3}$
$8_{0}^{00}$
$Q=8_{80}^{00}$
38
$=8$

Q $8_{800}^{00}$
$=8_{8}^{30}$
$\equiv \equiv$
Q $\Xi^{00}$
$\frac{3}{8} 80$
를

Q $8_{800}^{00}$
$=8_{8}^{80}$
$=\frac{3}{=}$
(8) $8^{00}$
$38_{8}^{80}$
3
$Q 18_{80}^{00}$
$=8_{8}^{80}$
$={ }_{=}^{=}$
(8) $8_{8}^{00}$
$88^{8}$
$=8$


## SAXOPHONE FINGERING CHART

1. How to use the fingering chart:
a. The areas that are darkened in indicate which keys are depressed.
b. Refer to the diagrams below to see finger placement on the saxophone.
c. Where alternate fingerings are shown, use whichever one is more comfortable and convenient.



## OBOE FINGERING CHART

## OBOE FINGERING CHART

1. How to use the fingering chart:
a. The areas that are darkened in indicate which keys are depressed.
b. Refer to the diagrams below to see finger placement on the oboe. Notice that some fingerings call for only half the $B$ key to be covered.
c. Where alternate fingerings are shown, use whichever one is more comfortable and convenient.



## TRUMPET/CORNET FINGERING CHART

## TRUMPET/CORNET FINGERING CHART

1. How to use the fingering chart:
a. The circles that are darkened in indicate which keys are depressed.
b. On a three valve Trumpet or Cornet, the valve nearest you while holding the instrument in the playing position is valve \#1. The middle valve is valve \#2 and the valve furthest away is valve \#3.
c. On a valve instrument such as a Trumpet, Cornet, Tuba, Baritone or Alto Horn, the same combination of valves will produce several different tones. Care must be taken to ensure the correct tone is being played.


## FRENCH HORN FINGERING CHART

1. How to use the fingering chart:
a. The circles that are darkened in indicate which valves are depressed.
b. On a three valve horn, the valve nearest you while holding the instrument (or the one you place your index finger on) in the playing position is valve \#1. The middle valve is valve \#2 and the valve furthest away is valve \#3. The French Horn is played with the left hand.
c. On a valve instrument such as a French Horn, the same combination of valves will produce several different tones. Care must be taken to ensure the
 correct tone is being played.



## BARITONE FINGERING CHART

## BARITONE FINGERING CHART

1. How to use the fingering chart:
a. The circles that are darkened in indicate which valves are depressed.
b. On a three valve Tuba, Baritone and Alto Horn, the valve nearest you while holding the instrument (or the one you place your index finger on) in the playing position is valve \#1. The middle valve is valve \#2 and the valve furthest away is valve \#3.
c. On a valve instrument such as a Trumpet, Cornet, Tuba, Baritone or Alto Horn, the same combination of valves will produce several different tones. Care must be taken to ensure the
 correct tone is being played.



## TUBA FINGERING CHART

## TUBA FINGERING CHART

1. How to use the fingering chart:
a. The circles that are darkened in indicate which valves are depressed.
b. On a three valve Tuba, Baritone and Alto Horn, the valve nearest you while holding the instrument (or the one you place your index finger on) in the playing position is valve \#1. The middle valve is valve \#2 and the valve furthest away is valve \#3.
c. On a valve instrument such as a Trumpet, Cornet, Tuba, Baritone or Alto Horn, the same combination of valves will produce several different tones. Care must be taken
 to ensure the correct tone is being played.



## TROMBONE ELEMENTARY FINGERING CHART

1. How to read the chart: Numbers indicate the slide position.

